Audit Report: Perfectly formed web development team - gotoAndPlay

Website: https://play.ee/
Date: 07.10.2026
Audit Coverage: 100% — all sources returned data
Confidence: high

Pages Audited (5 of 5):

- https://play.ee/
- https://play.ee/privacy-policy
- https://play.ee/team
- https://play.ee/et/privaatsustingimused
- https://play.ee/wordpress-support-service

Summary of results

Overall Score: 83 / 100
Status: □ Needs Improvement

Site overall 83 is the mean of 5 pages. Scores range 74 (https://play.ee/et/privaatsustingimused) → 86 (https://play.ee/privacy-policy). Weakest page: Mobile PSI 74 is dragged down by a critical CLS of 0.479 (footer shifting 0.241) and LCP at 2.6 s, despite an excellent TTFB of 3 ms. Accessibility has a serious color-contrast violation and heading hierarchy skips confirmed by W3C. Security Basics passed, but CSP lacks default-src and COOP/CORP are missing, though risk is low given no auth/payments signals. Page weight is light (166 KB) and caching is active. Confidence is high as all audit sources returned complete data.

Per-page scores

□ Needs Improvement · https://play.ee/

Score	Performance	Accessibility	Best Practices	SEO	Security
86	93	96	100	92	PASS

□ Needs Improvement · https://play.ee/privacy-policy

Score	Performance	Accessibility	Best Practices	SEO	Security
86	95	93	100	100	PASS

 Needs Improvement · https://play.ee/team

Score	Performance	Accessibility	Best Practices	SEO	Security
85	94	96	100	100	PASS

 Needs Improvement · https://play.ee/et/privaatsustingimused

Score	Performance	Accessibility	Best Practices	SEO	Security
74	74	93	100	100	PASS

 Needs Improvement · https://play.ee/wordpress-support-service

Score	Performance	Accessibility	Best Practices	SEO	Security
82	93	96	100	100	PASS

PageSpeed Insights — Mobile vs Desktop

*Lower is worse for Performance; higher is worse for LCP and CLS. Worse value is **bolded**.*

URL	Performance (M / D)	LCP (M / D)	CLS (M / D)
https://play.ee/	**93** / 100	**2.62 s** / 617 ms	0.000 / **0.007**
https://play.ee/privacy-policy	**95** / 99	**2.61 s** / 699 ms	0.002 / **0.003**
https://play.ee/team	**94** / 99	**2.71 s** / 659 ms	**0.037** / 0.003
https://play.ee/et/privaatsustingimused	**74** / 100	**2.59 s** / 694 ms	**0.479** / 0.004
https://play.ee/wordpress-support-service	**93** / 99	**2.97 s** / 747 ms	**0.020** / 0.001

Optimization Checklist

3 of 3 passing — 3 pass · 0 warn · 0 fail · 5 n/a

Item	Status	Detail
Page caching plugin / CDN active	**Pass**	Caching plugin detected (WP Rocket)
Response compressed (gzip / brotli)	**Pass**	Document response is compressed with gzip.
Images lazy-loaded	N/A	No raster elements found (37 SVGs, 13 placeholders excluded).
Hero image eagerly loaded	N/A	No raster elements found (37 SVGs, 13 placeholders excluded).
Hero is a real (not a CSS background-image)	N/A	No CSS background-images detected on raster-image-eligible elements.
Responsive images (srcset /)	N/A	Only 0 raster images on the page (37 SVGs, 13 placeholders excluded) — responsive-image rule does not apply.
Reasonable number of image sizes	N/A	Too few raster images to evaluate srcset width variety.
JS scripts not blocking in	**Pass**	No render-blocking scripts in .

Fixes

Priority 1: Critical

Immediate action — impacts user experience, search rankings, or site safety.

1A. Eliminate render-blocking resources `Performance`

- **Impact:** LCP, FCP, Speed Index
- **Problem:** PSI estimates 1,030 ms savings from render-blocking insights; LCP is 2.6 s (warning range).

- **Solution:** Defer non-critical CSS/JS or inline critical CSS. Use `<link rel="preload">` for critical assets. Ensure the 1 render-blocking script identified in HTML Inventory is deferred or moved to the bottom.

1B. Fix color contrast issues `Accessibility`

- **Impact:** WCAG 1.4.3, PSI Accessibility Score
- **Problem:** PSI Accessibility `color-contrast` audit scored 0.00 (severe), though axe marked nodes as incomplete.
- **Solution:** Audit all text elements against WCAG 2.1 AA (4.5:1 for normal text). Increase contrast on buttons, links, and body text. Use tools like Stark or Chrome DevTools Accessibility panel to verify.

1C. Fix color contrast on headings and buttons `Accessibility`

- **Impact:** WCAG 2.1 AA compliance, readability
- **Problem:** axe-core reports 1 serious violation: h1 > .heading__main and .button fail minimum contrast ratios.
- **Solution:** Increase contrast ratio to ≥4.5:1 for normal text. Adjust CSS:

```
.heading__main { color: #333333; } /* Example darker shade */
.button { color: #ffffff; background-color: #0056b3; } /* Ensure
sufficient contrast */
```

1D. Fix color contrast on headings `Accessibility`

- **Impact:** WCAG 1.4.3 compliance, readability
- **Problem:** axe-core reports 1 serious violation: color-contrast on h1 and primary headings.
- **Solution:** Increase contrast ratio to at least 4.5:1 for normal text. Adjust CSS:

```
h1 .heading__main, .heading--primary .heading__main {
  color: #333333; /* Example darker shade */
}
```

1E. Fix Cumulative Layout Shift (CLS) on footer `Performance`

- **Impact:** CLS score, User Experience
- **Problem:** CLS is 0.479 (threshold 0.1), with footer.footer contributing 0.241 + 0.238 shift.
- **Solution:** Reserve space for dynamic content or fonts in the footer. Ensure images/fonts have explicit dimensions or use `font-display: swap` with fallback sizing.

```
/* Reserve space for footer content if it loads late */
.footer { min-height: 100px; } /* Adjust based on actual content */
```

1F. Fix color contrast on buttons and headings `Accessibility`

- **Impact:** WCAG 1.4.3 compliance, screen reader usability
- **Problem:** axe-core reports 1 serious violation affecting `.button--tertiary` and multiple `.capabilities__heading` nodes.
- **Solution:** Increase contrast ratio to ≥4.5:1 for text. Example CSS:

```
.button--tertiary .button__text {
  color: #333333; /* Ensure sufficient contrast against background
*/
}
```

Priority 2: Important

Essential for compliance, user reach, and search visibility.

2A. Fix W3C HTML validation errors `SEO`

- **Impact:** Parser recovery, SEO crawlability
- **Problem:** 7 W3C errors found: 4x script `defer` misuse with non-JS types, 2x `srcset` missing width, 1x empty `target` attribute.
- **Solution:** Remove `defer` from `<script type="text/rocketlazyloadscript">`. Add width/height to `srcset` images (e.g., `srcset="img.jpg 70w"`). Ensure `target` attributes have valid values (e.g., `_blank`).

2B. Add explicit width and height to images `Performance`

- **Impact:** CLS, Layout Stability
- **Problem:** 50 images lack width/height attributes, risking CLS spikes on load despite current 0.000 score.
- **Solution:** Add `width` and `height` attributes to all `<img>` tags matching the intrinsic aspect ratio. Use CSS `aspect-ratio` as a fallback if dimensions are dynamic.

2C. Reduce LCP and render-blocking resources `Performance`

- **Impact:** LCP, FCP, User perceived load time
- **Problem:** LCP is 2.6 s (warning threshold); PSI estimates 1,040 ms savings from render-blocking insights.

- **Solution:** Defer non-critical CSS/JS. Inline critical CSS for above-the-fold content. Ensure LCP image (if any) is preloaded or optimized. Review WP Rocket settings for render-blocking elimination.

2D. Correct heading hierarchy (h1 to h4 skip) `Accessibility`

- **Impact:** Screen reader navigation, SEO structure
- **Problem:** W3C and axe-core detect h1 skipping to h4, violating sequential heading order.
- **Solution:** Change the `<h4>` following the `<h1>` to `<h2>`. Ensure outline flows h1 → h2 → h3 → h4 without gaps.

2E. Fix invalid script defer attributes `Best Practices`

- **Impact:** HTML validity, potential JS execution issues
- **Problem:** W3C reports 4 errors: script elements with type='text/rocketlazyloadscript' must not have defer attribute.
- **Solution:** Remove `defer` from non-JS script types or change type to a valid MIME type if executable. For WP Rocket lazyload scripts, update the plugin or remove the attribute if not needed.

2F. Add width and height attributes to images `Performance`

- **Impact:** CLS, layout stability
- **Problem:** HTML Inventory shows 45 images without width/height attributes, risking layout shifts.
- **Solution:** Add explicit dimensions to all `<img>` tags:

```
<img src="image.jpg" alt="..." width="300" height="200">
```

2G. Fix W3C script type errors `Best Practices`

- **Impact:** Validation, potential rendering issues
- **Problem:** W3C reports 4 errors: script type="text/rocketlazyloadscript" must not have defer attribute.
- **Solution:** Remove `defer` from non-JS script types or update the WP Rocket plugin configuration to use valid MIME types for data blocks.

2H. Fix W3C script type/defer errors `Best Practices`

- **Impact:** HTML Validation, Potential JS execution issues
- **Problem:** 4 W3C errors: `<script>` with `type="text/rocketlazyloadscript"` must not have `defer` attribute.

- **Solution:** Remove `defer` from non-JavaScript script types or change the type to a valid MIME type if it is executable JS.

```
<!-- Remove defer if type is not JS -->
<script type="text/rocketlazyloadscript" id="jquery-js" data-
rocket-sr="...">
```

2I. Reduce Largest Contentful Paint (LCP) `Performance`

- **Impact:** LCP, FCP, Mobile Performance Score
- **Problem:** Mobile LCP is 3.0 s (warning threshold 2.5 s); PSI estimates 1,030 ms savings from render-blocking insights.
- **Solution:** Inline critical CSS, defer non-critical JS, and optimize the LCP image (likely the hero). Use `<link rel="preload">` for the LCP image resource.

Priority 3: Best Practice

Recommended for long-term maintainability.

3A. Harden Content-Security-Policy and HSTS `Security`

- **Impact:** XSS defense, Transport security
- **Problem:** CSP missing `default-src` and `object-src 'none'`; HSTS missing `preload` directive. Site signals show no auth/payments, lowering risk but maintaining debt.
- **Solution:** Update CSP to include `default-src 'self'` and `object-src 'none'`. Add `preload` to HSTS header: `Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=63072000; includeSubDomains; preload`.

3B. Harden CSP and add COOP/CORP headers `Security`

- **Impact:** XSS defense, context isolation
- **Problem:** CSP lacks default-src/object-src; COOP/CORP missing. Site signals indicate low risk (no auth/payments), so this is P3.
- **Solution:** Add `Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self'; object-src 'none';` and `Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy: same-origin`. Since this is a brochure/privacy page, these are defensive hardening steps rather than critical fixes.

3C. Harden Content-Security-Policy `Security`

- **Impact:** XSS defense-in-depth
- **Problem:** CSP is present but weak (missing default-src, object-src). Site signals show no auth/payments, so risk is lower.
- **Solution:** Add default-src and object-src directives:

```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self'; object-src 'none';
frame-ancestors 'self';
```

3D. Optimize LCP element `Performance`

- **Impact:** LCP, Core Web Vitals
- **Problem:** LCP is 2.7s (warning range) despite 94 PSI score.
- **Solution:** Preload the LCP image or font, and ensure server response time remains low. Check if the LCP element is a hero image that can be eagerly loaded.

3E. Strengthen CSP and add COOP/CORP headers `Security`

- **Impact:** Defense-in-depth, XSS mitigation
- **Problem:** CSP missing `default-src` and `object-src 'none'`; COOP/CORP missing. Site signals indicate no auth/payments, so risk is lower.
- **Solution:** Add missing directives to CSP and set COOP/CORP for context isolation.

```
Header set Content-Security-Policy "default-src 'self'; object-src
'none'; frame-ancestors 'self';"
Header set Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy "same-origin"
Header set Cross-Origin-Resource-Policy "same-origin"
```

3F. Strengthen Content Security Policy (CSP) `Security`

- **Impact:** XSS defense-in-depth
- **Problem:** CSP is present but weak (missing `default-src`, `object-src 'none'`). Site signals show no auth/payments, so risk is lower.
- **Solution:** Add `default-src 'self'` and `object-src 'none'` to the CSP header. Consider `script-src 'nonce-{random}' 'strict-dynamic'` if inline scripts are needed.